



EU:n Biotalousstrategian uudistus 2018

Suomen biotalousstrategia

Strategian päämäärät:

1. Kilpailukykyinen biotalouden toimintaympäristö
2. Uutta liiketoimintaa biotaloudesta
3. Vahva osaamisperusta biotaloudelle
4. Biomassojen käytettävyys ja kestävyys



Komission toive tiekartta-aineistosta

- Tutkimus (Vahva osaamisperusta)
- Investoinnit ja markkinoiden edistäminen
(Uutta liiketoimintaa biotaloudesta)
- Alueellinen/paikallinen biotalouden edistäminen (Biomassojen käytettävyys ja kestävyys, kilpailukykyinen toimintaympäristö)
- Poliittikkakoherenssi ja -välineet:
(Toimintaympäristö, osaamisperusta)
Tietoisuuden lisääminen, sidosryhmäyhteistyö, koulutus ja taidot, seuranta/monitorointi

Non paper lyhyesti

- Ehdotukset otsikoitu Suomen nykyistä biotalousstrategiaa mukaillen
- Toimenpiteisiin ehdotettu lisäksi
Bio Based Industry Joint Undertaking (BBI JU) jatkoa
IBISBAa esimerkkinä strategisesta uudesta tutkimuksesta
- Tutkimuksen FP 9 pakettiin ehdotuksia tulossa Paneelin alaryhmältä Treffitiimiltä

Priority proposals for European Union

New business from the bioeconomy

- New business is generated by means of rethinking of value change, risk financing, bold experiments, strong regional markets and the crossing of sectoral boundaries
- Funding and investments are needed for fundamental research, applied research, near-to-market activities, and for rolling out integrated solutions to diverse contexts.
- Promoting immaterial value creation to increase the added value of products and services

Accessibility and sustainability of biomasses

- Securing the availability of renewable natural resources, well-functioning raw material markets and sustainability of raw material use.
- Public awareness and acceptability of the bioeconomy should be increased
- Usability and sustainability of regional biomasses with digitalized biomass management

Luonnos

Coherent policy environment and actions

- Coherence between various EU policies is essential
- Scope of the bioeconomy should be both widened and given more detail
- Flexible policy framework gives Member the possibility to choose the actions most suitable for national conditions
- International collaboration for harmonization of certification, opportunities for bio-based procurement and transfer of best practices with countries outside EU

Competitive operating environment for the bioeconomy

- Stable and predictable legal framework
- Climate change and replacement of fossil raw materials with renewable and secondary raw materials with added value
- Public procurement has an important role in promoting and opening markets for bio-based products and services including new business models such as leasing
- Bioeconomy takes over in the cities, balance with the countryside

A strong bioeconomy and circular economy competence base

- Competence base upgrading by life-long education and comprehensive research
- Networking of different stakeholders and their skills